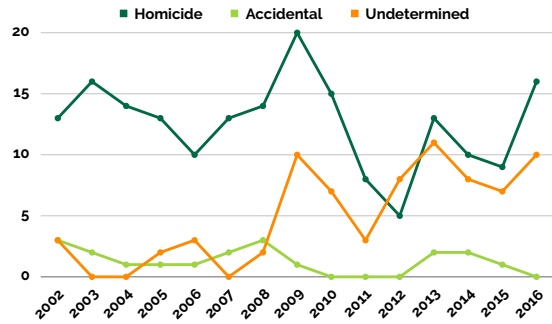
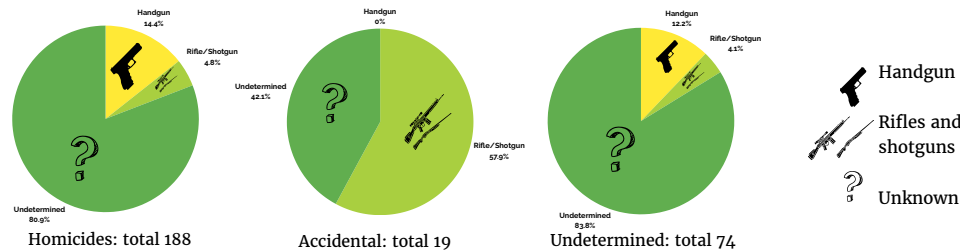


### Evolution of homicides and accidents with firearms (2002-2016)<sup>1</sup>




### Types of Firearms Used in Fatal Incidents 2002-2016




### Mass Shootings since 2000<sup>2</sup>

#### Annaberg, September 2013<sup>3-4</sup>

  
Mass Shooting  
STG-77 semiautomatic rifle,  
Glock-17 pistol and Mauser  
shotgun  
Perpetrator died at the scene

#### Nenzing, May 2016<sup>5</sup>

  
Mass Shooting-suicide  
Zastava M92 AK-type assault rifle  
Perpetrator committed suicide

#### Vienna, November 2020<sup>6</sup>

  
Jihadist terrorism  
Zavasta M70, Zavasta M57  
Perpetrator died at the scene



### Homicide firearm victims: 2002-2016

based on medical data<sup>8</sup>

### Lethal Gun Violence by Gender



### Perpetrators of gun crime

Perpetrators of gun crime data unavailable

1. Data acquired from "World Health Organization, Detailed Mortality Database": [https://www.who.int/healthinfo/mortality\\_data/en/](https://www.who.int/healthinfo/mortality_data/en/), last accessed on 2 May 2020.  
2. Literature offers no generally accepted definition of a "public mass shooting". For data collection purposes Sarah Watson's definition will be basis of categorisation for a mass shooting. However, the scope will be further widened to include multiple perpetrators, "shootings that occur in the public and/or semi-public space, perpetrated by one offender and resulting in three or more randomly selected victims, with at least one fatality. The term victim refers to those fatally shot and those injured; however, it does not include the perpetrator". Watson, S., (2022), *Mass shootings, fatality thresholds and defining by numbers: Political and social consequences*, Criminology & Criminal Justice' vol. 1 no. 19, pg. 4.  
3. The Local, *Poacher's suspected murder weapon found*, (May 2012).  
4. Duquet, N., *Public Mass Shootings in Europe: how did the weapons fall into the wrong hands?*, pg. 4, (2019).

5. Kronenzeitung, *Konzert-Amoklauf: Täter (27) war ein Neonazi*, (May 2016).  
6. BBC, *Vienna murders: Four guilty of hijacking jihadist in terror attack*, (February 2023).  
7. *Map/locations of mass shootings in Austria*.  
8. Data acquired from "World Health Organization, Detailed Mortality Database": [https://www.who.int/healthinfo/mortality\\_data/en/](https://www.who.int/healthinfo/mortality_data/en/), last accessed on 2 May 2020.

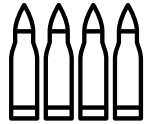


### Seizures 2010-2015<sup>9</sup>



>606

Firearms seized



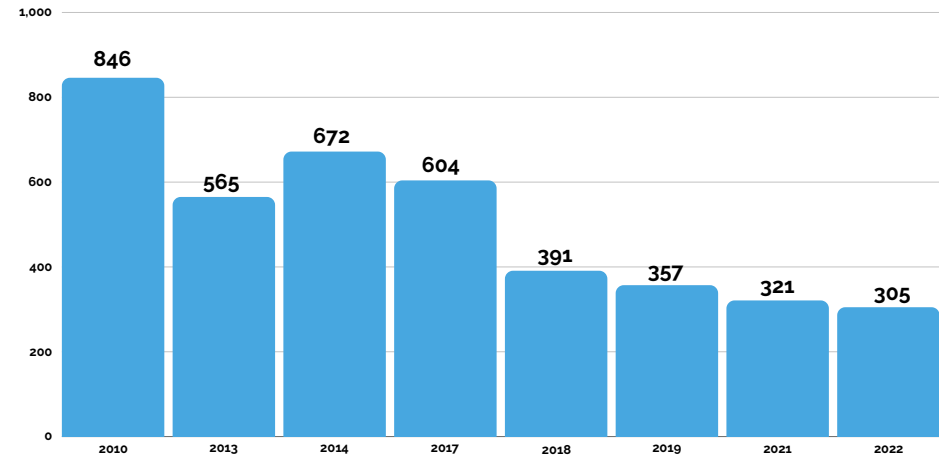
Rounds of ammunition data not available



Parts and components data not available

Between 2010 and 2015 Austria was the country with the most firearm seizures in Western Europe (41.19% of firearms).

### Number of criminal incidents where firearms were used<sup>10-11</sup>



### Trafficking



Austria is chiefly a transit country for firearms trafficking, meaning that firearms do not usually remain in the country but rather transit through it. Since the trafficked firearms do not stay in Austria, trafficking is not considered to be a major domestic security issue.<sup>12</sup>



Austria has a focal role in firearms trafficking from the Western Balkans via Slovenia and the trafficking of deactivated or converted firearms from Slovakia. It is also an important transit point for land-trafficking towards Western Europe via either the eastern route or the southern route.<sup>13</sup>



The e-commerce of firearms and components is flourishing in Austria. After Germany, it is the second country with the most hits for illegal firearm purchases online.<sup>14</sup>

### Possession



The Austrian law, the so-called Waffengesetz 1996, distinguishes three categories of firearms:

- Category A: war material and restricted weapons, whose acquisition and possession is forbidden;
- Category B: handguns, repeating shotguns, and semi-automatic rifles, whose acquisition and possession is possible only with official approval;
- Category C: repeating, revolving and break-action rifles, break-action shotguns and projectile firing electroshock weapons, whose acquisition and possession is generally possible from the age of 18.<sup>15</sup>

According to the Small Arms Survey, in 2017 in Austria, there were 837,000 registered firearms against 1,740,000 unregistered ones.<sup>16</sup>

9. Data acquired from "FIRE – FIGHTING ILLEGAL FIREARMS TRAFFICKING ROUTES AND ACTORS AT EUROPEAN LEVEL": <https://fireproject.eu/explore/#/seizures>, last accessed on 23 May 2023.

10. Bundesministerium für Inneres (BMI), Bundesministerium für Justiz (BMinJ), Polizeiliche Kriminalstatistik 2010, Die Entwicklung der Kriminalität in Österreich, (2019), [https://bundeskriminalamt.at/501/files/Broschuere\\_PKS\\_2010.pdf](https://bundeskriminalamt.at/501/files/Broschuere_PKS_2010.pdf), last accessed on 2 November 2023.

11. Bundesministerium für Inneres (BMI), Bundesministerium für Justiz (BMinJ), Polizeiliche Kriminalstatistik 2022 Die Entwicklung der Kriminalität in Österreich, (2022), pg.82

[https://bundeskriminalamt.at/501/files/2023/PKS\\_Broschuere\\_2022.pdf](https://bundeskriminalamt.at/501/files/2023/PKS_Broschuere_2022.pdf), last accessed on 2 November 2023.

12. Bundesministerium fuer Inneres, Verfassungsschutzbericht 2008, (2008), [https://www.dsn.gv.at/501/files/FSB/Verfassungsschutzbericht\\_2008\\_Berichtszeitraum\\_2007.pdf](https://www.dsn.gv.at/501/files/FSB/Verfassungsschutzbericht_2008_Berichtszeitraum_2007.pdf), last accessed on 6 November 2023.

13. Duquet, N. & Vanden Auwele, D., Project TARGET: Targeting gun violence and trafficking in Europe, Brussels, Flemish Peace Institute, pg. 145-146, (2022).

14. Ibid.

15. Oesterreich.gv.at, Waffengesetz, [https://www.oesterreich.gv.at/themen/dokumente\\_und\\_recht/waffenrecht.html](https://www.oesterreich.gv.at/themen/dokumente_und_recht/waffenrecht.html), last accessed on 6 November 2023.

16. Krap, A., Estimating Global Civilian-held Firearms Numbers (Annex), Small Arms Survey, (2018)

[https://web.archive.org/web/20180629102233/http://www.smallarmssurvey.org/fileadmin/docs/Weapons\\_and\\_Markets/Tools/Firearms\\_holdings/SAS-BP-Civilian-held-firearms-annexe.pdf](https://web.archive.org/web/20180629102233/http://www.smallarmssurvey.org/fileadmin/docs/Weapons_and_Markets/Tools/Firearms_holdings/SAS-BP-Civilian-held-firearms-annexe.pdf), last accessed on 6 November 2023.